The Road Inventory of Northwest Montana Flathead Waterfowl Production Area Moiese, MT





Prepared By: Federal Highway Administration Central Federal Lands Highway Division August 2008



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INTRODUCTION

The Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (Public Law 105-178) created the Refuge Roads Program. Refuge roads are those public roads that provide access to or within a unit of the National Wildlife Refuge System and for which title and maintenance responsibility is vested in the United States Government. Funds from the Highway Trust Fund are available for refuge roads and can be used by the station to pay the cost of:

- (a) Maintenance and improvements of refuge roads.
- (b) Maintenance and improvements of:
 - (1) Adjacent vehicle parking areas
 - (2) Provision for pedestrians and bicycles and
 - (3) Construction and reconstruction of roadside rest areas that are located in or adjacent to wildlife refuges
- (c) Administrative costs associated with such maintenance and improvements.

The funds available for refuge roads are to be disbursed based on the relative needs of the various refuges in the National Wildlife Refuge System, and taking into consideration:

- (a) The comprehensive conservation plan for each refuge;
- (b) The need for access as identified through land use planning; and
- (c) The impact of land use planning on existing transportation facilities.

To determine the relative needs of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) was asked to inventory all public access roads and parking lots and provide a condition assessment of each. In 2008 the inventory was expanded to include administrative (service use only) roads and parking lots. An FHWA representative meets with refuge personnel to identify route segments and assign route numbers and functional classifications (See Appendix) for each route. All roads and parking lots are mapped using Trimble GPS units and visually assessed for condition using the RSL method of evaluation developed at Utah State University (See Appendix). Culverts, Gates, Guardrails and Low Water Crossings are also mapped and inspected for any obvious defects.

An estimate is provided, in year 2008 dollars, based on the condition determined by the rating system. Estimates are based upon data and location factors from the 2008 RS Means Heavy Construction Cost Data 22nd Annual Edition. Cost estimates should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis when being used for programming purposes.

Native Surfaced roads and parking lots already inventoried will not be re-inventoried and will not appear individually in report chapters 5, 6 and 8. Mileages and areas of native surfaced roads and parking lots will still appear in all summaries in the report and will remain in the road inventory database. In addition to this report, the FHWA will furnish the condition ratings of each route and segment to the Fish and Wildlife Service in a Microsoft Access database so the data can be included in their Real Property Inventory.

Northwest Montana Wetland Management District - Flathead County Summaries

Route Miles and Percentages by Functional Class and Condition

	Condition Rating (Based on RSL)*										
	Excellent		Good		Fair		Poor		Failed		TOTAL
F. C.	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES
I											
II			0.5	27.3%	0.45	24.4%	0.72	39.5%	0.16	8.8%	1.83
III											
IV			0.07	100%							0.07
V											
Totals			.57	30%	0.45	23.5%	0.72	38.0%	.16	8.5%	1.90

^{*}For a description of condition ratings for the various surface types see the Appendix.

Route Miles and Percentages by Surface Type and Condition

	Paved Condition Rating [Condition(RSL)]										
	Excellen	it (19-20)	Good (Fair (7-12)		Poor (1-6)		Failed (0)		TOTAL	
S. T.	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES
AS											
СО											
Totals											

	Unpaved Condition Rating [Condition(RSL)]										
	Excellent (8-10) Good (5-7)			(5-7)	Fair (3-4)		Poor (1-2)		Failed (0)		TOTAL
S. T.	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES
GR			0.5	74.2%	0.17	25.8%					0.67
NA			0.07	5.9%	0.27	22.2%	0.72	58.8%	0.16	13.1%	1.23
PR											
Totals			0.57	30.1%	0.45	23.5%	0.72	38.0%	0.16	8.5%	1.90

Square Footage (Parking Areas)

		Condition Rating										
	Exce	ellent	Good		Fair		Po	or	Fai	led	Total	
	Square		Square		Square		Square		Square		Square	
S. T.	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	
AS												
СО												
GR												
NA					119522	92.2%	10173	7.8%			129695	
PR												
Totals					119522	92.2%	10173	7.8%			129695	

Northwest Montana Wetland Management District - Flathead County

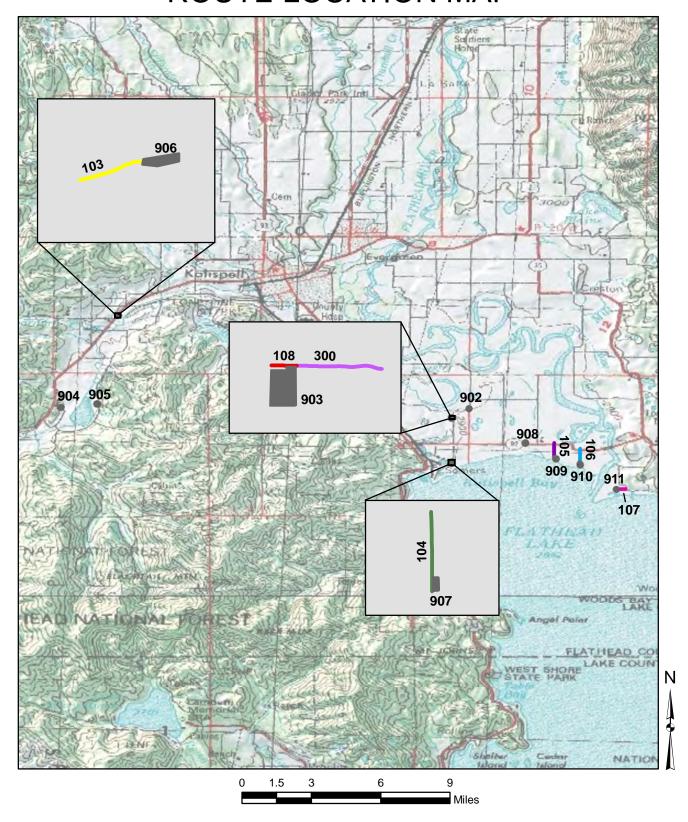
Summaries

Route Miles and Percentages by Use Type and Condition

					PERCENT							
	Excel	lent	God	od	Fair		Poor		Failed		TOTAL	TOTAL
USE TYPE	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	%	MILES	MILES
Public (FC I-III)			0.50	27%	0.45	24.4%	0.72	39.5%	0.16	8.8%	1.83	96%
Admin (FC IV-V)			0.07	100.0%							.07	4%
Totals			.57	30%	0.45	23.5%	0.72	38.0%	.16	8.5%	1.90	

				PERCENT								
	Excel	lent	God	od	Fair		Poor		Failed		Total	TOTAL
	Square		Square		Square		Square		Square		Square	SF
USE TYPE	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	%	Feet	
Public					119522	92.2%	10173	7.8%			129695	100%
Admin												
Totals					119522	92.2%	10173	7.8%			129695	

NORTHWEST MONTANA WETLAND MANAGEMENT DISTRICT - FLATHEAD COUNTY ROUTE LOCATION MAP



Northwest Montana WMD - Flathead County - ROUTE IDENTIFICATION LIST (NUMERIC)

Shading Color Key: White = Paved Routes

Yellow = Unpaved Routes

RTE#	Asset Number	ROUTE NAME	RTE MI	ROUTE DESCRIPTION	PAVED MI	UN- PAVED MI	LANES	FC
103	10043950	Batavia Access Road	0.06	From US Highway 2 to Batavia Parking Area (Route 906)	-	0.06	1	2
104	10026399	Somers Access Road	0.16	From Somers Road to Somers Road Parking (Route 907)	-	0.16	1	2
105	10026400	Highway 82 Access Road	0.67	From Montana State Highway 82 to Montana State Highway Access Road Parking (Route 909)	-	0.67	1	2
106	10026402	South Curve Access Road	0.66	From Montana State Highway 82 to South Curve Parking (Route 910)	-	0.66	1	2
107	10026405	East Access Lane	0.25	From Holt Drive to East Access Lane Parking (Route 911)	-	0.25	1	2
108	-	West Blasdel Barn Parking Road	0.02	From North Sommers Road to West Blasdel Parking (Route 903)	-	0.02	1	2
300	10026425	West Blasdel Barn Service Access Road	0.07	From West Blasdel Parking Access Road (Route 108) to end of route at barn	-	0.07	1	4

Northwest Montana WMD - Flathead County - ROUTE IDENTIFICATION LIST (PARKING)

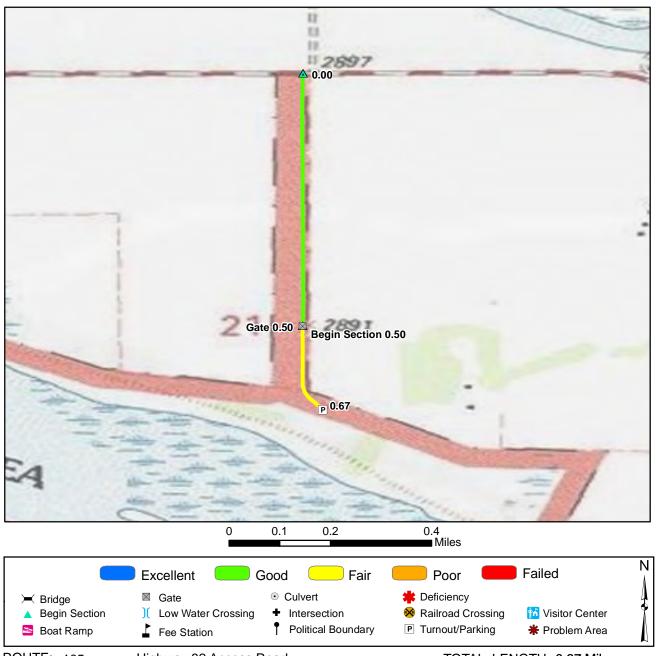
Shading Color Key:

Green = Unpaved Parking Lots
Blue = Paved Parking Lots

RTE#	ASSET NUMBER	ROUTE NAME	RTE SQFT	ROUTE DESCRIPTION	PAVED SQFT	UN- PAVED SQFT
902	10026424	Northeast Blasdel Parking	10173		-	10173
903	10026419	West Blasdel Parking	28756		-	28756
904	10026406	West Smith Lake Parking	10443		-	10443
905	10026407	East Smith Lake Parking	9732		-	9732
906	10026410	Batavia Parking Area	9314		-	9314
907	10026404	Somers Road Parking	7158		-	7158
908	10050844	Montana State Highway 82 Parking Area	17002		-	17002
909	10026401	Montana State Highway 82 Access Road Parking	3931		-	3931
910	10050845	South Curve Parking	24889		-	24889
911	10026403	East Access Lane Parking	8297		-	8297

CHANGES TO THE FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE ROAD INVENTORY REPORT Northwest Montana WMD - Flathead County - 61546

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Comments:	mments:				

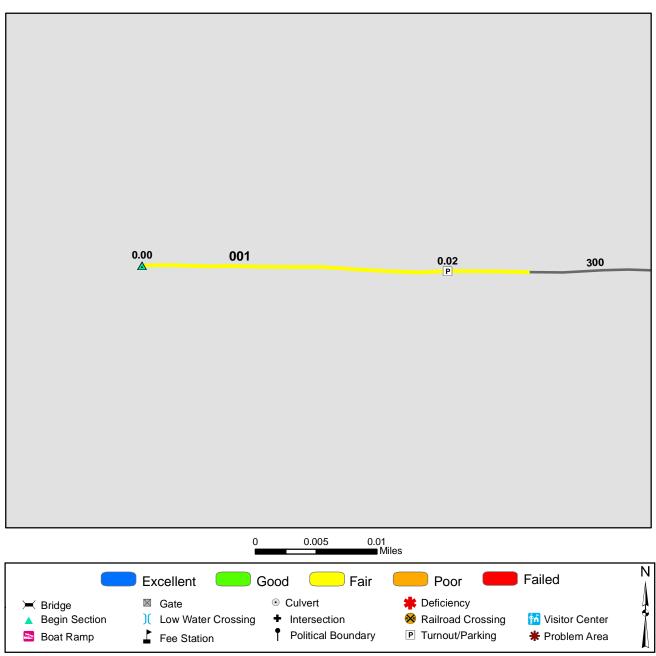


ROUTE: 105 Highway 82 Access Road TOTAL LENGTH: 0.67 Miles

ASSET: 10026400

RTE DESCRIPTION: From Montana State Highway 82 to Montana State Highway Access Road Parking (Route 909)

Section Number Section Length (miles) Inspection Date	001 0.50 8/23/2008	002 0.17 8/23/2008		
Section Information				
Surface Type Number of Lanes Roadway Width (feet)	Gravel 1 14	Gravel 1 10		
Roadway Condition Information				
Condition	Good	Fair		
Remaining Service Life (years) Cost Estimate CRV	\$800 \$335100	\$600 \$116300		

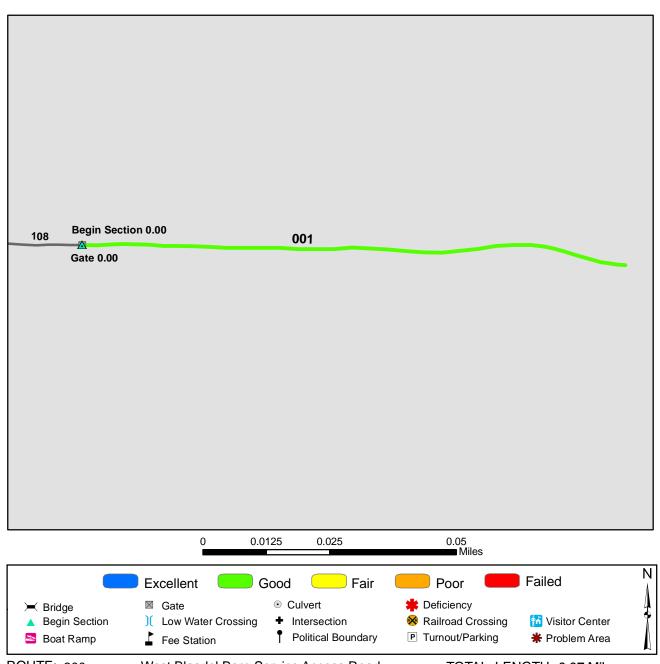


ROUTE: 108 West Blasdel Barn Parking Road TOTAL LENGTH: 0.02 Miles

ASSET:

RTE DESCRIPTION: From North Sommers Road to West Blasdel Parking (Route 903)

Section Number Section Length (miles) Inspection Date	001 0.02 8/23/2008		
Section Information			
Surface Type	Native		
Number of Lanes	1		
Roadway Width (feet)	10		
Roadway Condition Information			
Condition	Fair		
Remaining Service Life (years)	4		
Cost Estimate	\$600		
CRV	\$7400		



ROUTE: 300 West Blasdel Barn Service Access Road TOTAL LENGTH: 0.07 Miles

ASSET: 10026425

RTE DESCRIPTION: From West Blasdel Parking Access Road (Route 108) to end of route at barn

Section Number Section Length (miles) Inspection Date	001 0.07 8/23/2008		
Section Information			
Surface Type	Native		
Number of Lanes	1		
Roadway Width (feet)	10		
Roadway Condition Information			
Condition	Good		
Remaining Service Life (years)	7		
Cost Estimate	\$100		
CRV	\$25300		

No Parking Areas Listed

Asset Number	Date Visited	Surface Type	Area (sq ft)	Condition	Cost to Improve

	Rte#	Milepost	NBIS#	Sufficiency Rating	Functionally Obsolete	Structurally Deficient	
Ν	No bridges to report						

FEATURES PHOTOGRAPHS

ROUTE NUMBER: 105 ROUTE NAME: Highway 82 Access Road



Photo # 2127 - MP 0.00 - Begin Route at Begin Section

ROUTE NUMBER: 105 ROUTE NAME: Highway 82 Access Road



Photo # 2129 - MP 0.50 - Begin Section 002

ROUTE NUMBER: 108 ROUTE NAME: West Blasdel Barn Parking Road



Photo # 2124 - MP 0.00 - Begin Route at Begin Section

ROUTE NUMBER: 300 ROUTE NAME: West Blasdel Barn Service Access Road



Photo # 2126 - MP 0.00 - Begin Route at Begin Section

Accident Summary

Number of Accidents Reported	I Limespan of Accidents		Fatalities	
0	No Accidents to Report	0	0	

APPENDIX

	FWS ROAD FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION
Class I	Principal Refuge Road (Public Roads) - Routes that constitute the main access
	route, main auto tour route, or thoroughfare for refuge visitors. These routes are
	accessible by 2WD vehicles. Routes are numbered from 10 to 99.
Class II	Connector Refuge Road (Public Roads) - Routes that provide circulation within
	the refuge. These routes can also provide access to areas of scenic, scientific,
	recreational or cultural interest, such as overlooks, campgrounds, education
	centers, etc. These routes are accessible by 2WD vehicles. Routes are numbered
	from 100 to 199.
Class III	Special Purpose Refuge Road (Public Roads) - Roads that provide circulation
	within special use areas such as campgrounds or public concessionaire facilities
	or access to remote areas of the refuge. These routes may not be 2WD accessible.
	Routes are numbered from 200 to 299
Class IV	Administrative Access Road (Administrative Roads) - Routes intended for access
	to administrative developments or structures such as maintenance offices,
	employee quarters, or utility areas. These routes are accessible by 2WD vehicles.
	These routes may restrict access to the general public. Routes are numbered from
	300 to 399.
Class V	Restricted Road (Administrative Roads) - Routes normally closed to the public,
	such as maintenance roads, service roads, patrol roads, and fire breaks. These
	routes may be open to the public for a short period of time for a special use, such
	as hunting access. These routes may not be 2WD accessible. Routes are
	numbered from 400 to 499.

A refuge road system contains those routes within or giving access to a refuge or other unit of the FWS that are administered by the FWS, or by the Service in cooperation with other agencies. The assignment of a functional classification (FC) to a refuge road is not based on traffic volumes or design speed, but on the intended use or function of that route.

DESCRIPTION OF RATING SYSTEM

Rating Data is collected on four different surface types: Asphalt, Concrete, Gravel, and Native. The Utah LTAP Center's Remaining Service Life (RSL) system is used for all surface types. The RSL system is based on the Strategic Highway Research Program's (SHRP) Distress Identification Manual.

Asphalt Rating System

Data is collected on the following distresses and conditions:

- **Fatigue Cracking** Interconnected cracks forming small irregular shapes.
- **Longitudinal Cracking** Cracks running parallel with the roadway, in the direction of traffic.
- **Transverse Cracking** Cracks perpendicular to the roadway, going across the lane or lanes.
- **Block Cracking** Interconnected cracks forming large blocks.
- **Edge Cracking** Cracks running along the edge of the pavement surface.
- **Patches** Original surface repaired with new asphalt patch material.
- **Potholes** Holes or depressions in the pavement.
- **Rutting** surface depressions in the wheel paths.
- **Roughness** Evenness of pavement for serviceability.
- **Drainage** Ability of the road surface to drain water based on proper slope.

A Condition Rating value is calculated for each homogenous pavement section, and can be up to 1 mile in length.

Rating Index Formula

Fatigue, longitudinal, transverse, block, and edge cracking, along with patching and potholes are rated on a 0 - 9 scale (0 = no distress, 9 = maximum distress). The rating given is based on the extent and the severity of the distress. Rutting, roughness, and drainage are rated on a 0 - 3 scale (0 = excellent, 3 = poor). Each distress type has given Remaining Service Life (RSL) values (in years) based on the rating for that particular distress. The distress with the rating resulting in the lowest RSL value is considered to be the governing distress. That value is then assigned as the RSL of the road segment.

Concrete Rating System

Data is collected on the following distresses and conditions:

- **Spalling of Joints** Chipping, breaking, or cracking of slab edges
- Joint Seal Damage Any damage or condition that enables materials or water to infiltrate into the joint from the surface.
- **Corner Breaks** A portion of the slab separated by a crack that intersects the adjacent transverse and longitudinal joints, forming approximately a 45° angle to the direction.
- **Broken Slabs** Faulting and/or cracking localized to individual slabs.
- **Faulting** Difference in elevation across a crack or joint.
- **Longitudinal Cracking** Cracks in the pavement running parallel to road.

- **Transverse Cracking** Cracks in the pavement running perpendicular to the direction of traffic.
- **Patch Deterioration** Faulting, settling, or cracking of previously placed patch
- **Map Cracking** A series of cracks that extend only into the upper surface of the Slab

A Condition Rating value is calculated for each homogenous pavement section, and can be up to 1 mile in length.

Rating Index Formula

The rating procedure for concrete pavement is the same as that for asphalt pavement described previously. Each of the distresses described above are rated on the same 0-9 scale. The governing distress is then determined and the RSL associated with that distress is assigned to the road segment.

Gravel and Native Rating System

Data is collected on the following distresses and conditions:

- **Cross Section (Crown)** Roadway built so that the center is higher than the shoulder, to prevent water from pooling on roadway.
- **Roadside Drainage** Roadside ditches and culverts to handle water flow and prevent pooling on the roadside.
- **Corrugations** (Washboarding) Small trenches or holes developing perpendicular to the roadway.
- **Potholes** Holes or depressions in the roadway.
- **Rutting** Depressions running parallel with the roadway, in the wheelpaths.
- Dust Amount of dust caused by traffic.
- **Loose Aggregate (Gravel Only)** Loose gravel, typically piled up on the roadway edges or centerline.

A Condition Rating value is calculated for each homogenous pavement section, and can be up to 1 mile in length.

Rating Index Formula

The rating procedure for unpaved roads is the same as that for asphalt and concrete pavements described previously. Of the distresses described above, corrugations, potholes, rutting, and loose aggregate are rated on the same 0-9 scale previously mentioned. Cross section, roadside drainage, and dust are rated on the same 0-3 scale described for asphalt pavement. The governing distress is then determined and the RSL associated with that distress is assigned to the road segment.

Condition Descriptions by Surface Type

The following definitions are used to describe pavement condition for the various surface types. These are general guidelines for condition indications.

Asphalt

Excellent – Recently constructed or overlaid road where construction or overlay was performed correctly- No maintenance required. RSL = 19-20 years.

 ${f Good}$ – Low extent longitudinal and transverse cracks. All cracks are 1/4" or less with little or no crack erosion. Patches are in good condition and applied correctly. Routine Maintenance recommended. RSL = 13-18 years.

Fair - Roads are in good structural condition with little or no fatigue cracking. Longitudinal, transverse, and edge cracking is at medium extent and severity. Block cracking is not extensive. Any patches are in good condition. Preventative maintenance recommended. RSL = 7-12 years.

Poor - Road beginning to show signs of structural distress. Fatigue cracking is medium to high extent and medium severity. Cracking will be severe. Surface may have severe block cracking and show. Patches are in fair to poor condition. There is moderate distortion or rutting and occasional potholes. Rehabilitation recommended. RSL = 1-6 years.

Failed - Road is severely deteriorated. Signs of structural failure appear along with severe and extensive fatigue cracking, distortion, potholes, or extensive patches in poor condition. Reconstruction recommended. RSL = 0 years.

Concrete

Excellent - New pavement. No maintenance required. RSL = 19-20 years

Good - First signs of transverse cracking, patch or repair, more extensive pop-outs, or scaling. Sealing or routine maintenance recommended. RSL = 13-18 years.

Fair – Pavement has join or crack spalling, and/or faulting, along with cracking at corners with broken pieces. Any Patches are in fair condition and faulting is at a minimum. Preventative maintenance recommended. RSL = 7-12 years.

Poor - Joints and cracks are open 1 inch, spalled, or patched. Faulting is more severe. Rehabilitation recommended. RSL = 1-6 years.

Failed - Most slabs have failed structurally, and faulting is severe. Reconstruction recommended. RSL = 0 years.11-9

The following table shows the relationship between RSL and condition.

SUBJECTIVE CONDITION RATING FOR REMAINING SERVICE LIFE								
(Asphalt and Concrete Pavements)								
	FAILED	POOR		FA	FAIR GO		OD	EXCELLENT
RSL Years	0	1-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	13-15	16-18	19-20

Gravel and Native

Note - Native surfaces do not have a gravel layer.

Excellent - Newly constructed road that has been constructed properly with proper crown, drainage and gravel layer. Little or no distress. No maintenance recommended. RSL = 8-10 years.

Good - Crown, drainage provisions, and gravel layer are in good condition. Distress limited to traffic effects such as dust, loose aggregate, and low severity corrugations (wash boarding). RSL = 5-7 years.

Fair - Adequate drainage and crown through majority of roadway. Crown repair, ditch improvement may be necessary. Road has more severe corrugations and potholes. Preventative maintenance recommended. RSL = 3-4 years.

Poor - Travel at slow speeds is necessary. Additional gravel layer needed to carry traffic. Poor crown. Ditching is inadequate and rutting is extensive and severe. Rehabilitation recommended. RSL = 1-2 years.

Failed - Travel is difficult, and road may be closed at times. Rutting and Corrugations are very severe. Total Reconstruction of road is recommended. RSL = 0 years.

The following table shows the RSL values for gravel and native roads in terms of excellent,good, fair, poor, and failed condition.

SUBJECTIVE CONDITION RATING FOR REMAINING						
SERVICE LIFE (Gravel and Native Surfaces)						
	FAILED	POOR	FAIR	GOOD	EXCELLENT	
RSL Years	0	1-2	3-4	5-7	8-10	